

January 16, 2017

Student name:

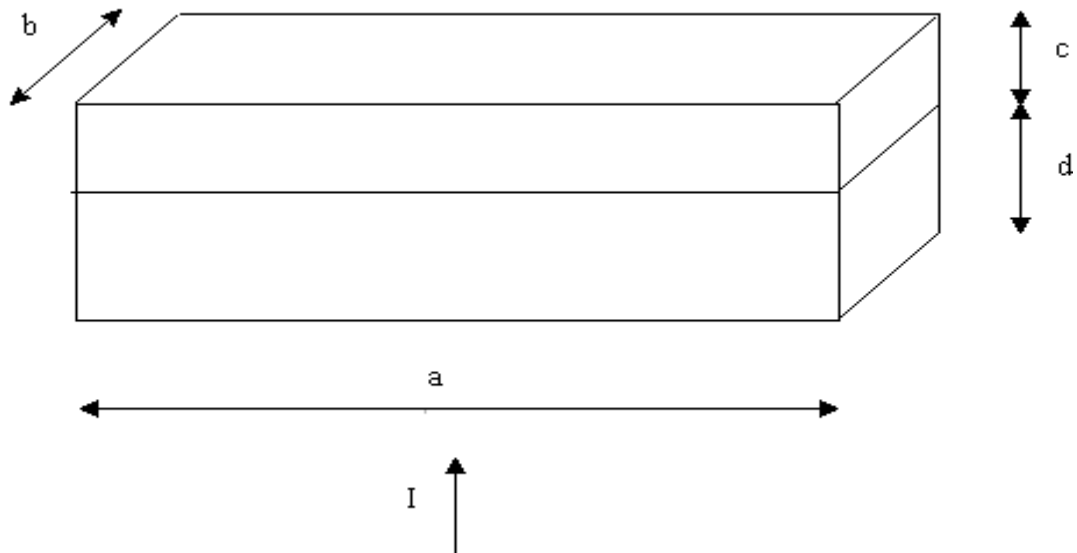
Theory	Task1	Task2	Task3	AddOns	Result

1. Coulomb's law.
2. Ohm's law – both [integral and differential] notations
3. Four [main] Maxwell equations.
 4. Boundary conditions for E, D – interface between two dielectrics – tangential components
 5. Boundary conditions for E, D – interface between two dielectrics – normal components
 6. Boundary conditions for B, H – interface between two magnetics – tangential components
7. Biot-Savart's law
8. Wave equation for E
9. Skin depth
10. Poynting vector – definition

TASK 1:

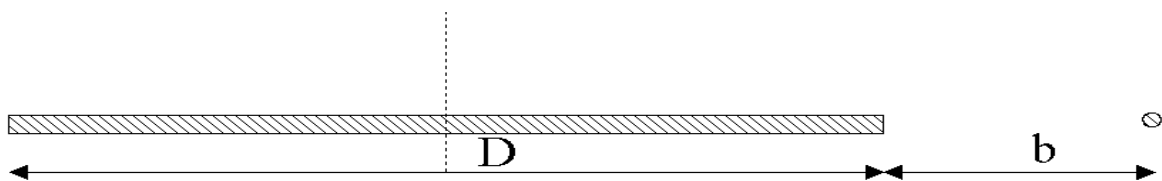
DC current $I = 125 \text{ A}$ flows up through a set of two conductors of equal cross-section, but unequal conductivities. Upper one exhibits $\sigma_1 = 5000 \text{ S/m}$, while the lower one $\sigma_2 = 3000 \text{ S/m}$. Dimensions $a = 2000 \text{ mm}$, $b = 15 \text{ mm}$, $c = 5 \text{ mm}$, $d = 8 \text{ mm}$. Current density is homogeneous.

Specify: a) current density and b) dissipated power

**TASK 2:**

DC current $I = 25 \text{ A}$ flows down through a long sheet of metal and returns back through a wire of a negligible cross-section. Both conductors are surrounded by vacuum. The length of the transmission line is $L = 100 \text{ m}$, $D = 50 \text{ mm}$, $b = 25 \text{ mm}$.

Question: Specify the force caused by the current (consider a current density equally distributed over the sheet).

**TASK 3:**

An electromagnetic wave, propagating through air from a distant source, carries average power of 2 kW per square meter. The wave frequency is equal to 3 GHz .

Specify:

- Maximum Electric field intensity E and
- Wavelength of the wave.